



## **Acetylated Lysine Antibody**

Subcategory: Modification Specific Antibody, Rabbit

Polyclonal Antibody Cat. No.: 251115 Unit: 0.1 mg

## Description:

DNA transcription cannot take place unless DNA is unwound from the nucleosomes. The cell unwinds DNA by acetylation of lysine residues of histones. Research has shown that acetylation of non-histone proteins (e.g. transcription factors) and histones are involved in transcription. Histone acetyltransferases (HAT) acetylate the conserved aminoterminal domains of the four core histones (H2A, H2B, H3 and H4) on lysine residues, whereas histone deacetylases (HDAC) remove them. This pan-specific antibody recognizes proteins with acetyllysine residues. This antibody has been utilized for proteomic studies of protein acetylation, immunoaffinity chromatography separation and isolation of acetylated proteins and peptides from protease-digested whole cells.

Isotype: Rabbit Ig

**Applications:** E, IF, IHC, IP, WB **Species Reactivity:** H, M, R

**Format:** Each vial contains 0.1 mg lgG in 0.4 ml (0.25 mg/ml) of PBS pH7.4, 50% glycerol. Antibody was purified by using

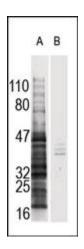
acetyllysine-affinity chromatography.

Alternate Names: Acetylated Lysine; AcK; Acetyllysine;

Acetyl-lysine; AcLys
Accession No.: Q16539

Antigen: Acetylated KLH-conjugates

**Application Notes:** Cat. No. 251115 has been tested on acetylated histones, acetylated BSA and acetylated MBP. There is no reaction with non-acetylated proteins. E: 1:500-1:2,000; WB: 1:200-1:1000; IF: 1:50-1:100; IHC: 1:100-1:500



The Acetylated Lysine Antibody (Cat. No. 251115) is used in Western blot to detect acetylated proteins in HeLa cell lysate (lane A) and acetylated BSA (lane B).

**Storage:** Store at -20°C. Minimize freeze-thaw cycles. Product is guaranteed one year from the date of shipment.

For research use only, not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.